## Pre-School Progression of Skills Long Term Plan

	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
PSED	To talk about myself. To say what they like. To say what they dislike. To be aware of different feelings – happy and sad. To learn a class rule about being kind. To talk about a class charter. To look after the toys in Pre-school. To put toys away after using them. To talk about what they can do. To develop an awareness of being proud. To know who is in my family at home. To talk about their special place at home. To name a friend at Pre-school. To bring my water bottle into school by myself. To find my photograph and sign in. To separate from my parent/carer. To go to an adult in Pre-school. To use the toilet with support. To recognise my own coat on the trolley. To find and put my own wellies on. To become familiar with my new environment. To select a toy/activity to play with, with encouragement. To choose an area to play in independently. To choose a toy/activity to play with independently.	To recognise what they find difficult. To ask an adult for help. To understand what a goal is. To talk to others about what they can do. To learn that people have different jobs. To learn about the people in school who help us. To develop an awareness of exercise and what it means. To begin to recognise healthy foods and try them. To develop an awareness of why we need to sleep. To be able to toilet myself with reminders. To be able to wash their hands independently. To begin to be aware of strangers. To play alongside others in the same area. To join others when playing. To know my tidy up area. To engage in other areas of the classroom.	To talk about my family. To name other family members. To talk about my friend and what we do together. To learn to wait my turn with support. To learn to take turns with support. To be aware of different – angry and calm. To point to the different parts of my body and know what I can do with them. To name a healthy food. To talk about how I have changed and grown. To talk about my new teachers. To explore my new classroom. To be able to toilet myself independently. To seek friends out. To ask children to join in with my play. To speak to adults confidently. To speak to other members of the staff.
Communication and Language	Listening, Attention and Understanding To listen to a short story. To listen to a nursery rhyme. To try and join in with part of a nursery rhyme. To listen to simple songs. To show an adult that they are listening on a 1 to 1 basis. To demonstrate how to listen in small groups. To listen to and follow a simple instruction. To answer a simple question about a picture. To be able respond to their name when called.	Listening, Attention and Understanding To retell a nursery rhyme. To listen in a large group. To answer a simple question about a nursery rhyme or familiar story.  Speaking To talk in longer sentences -4 words. To respond to child when spoken to. To talk alongside others.	Listening, Attention and Understanding To listen to a longer story and remember what happens. To listen to and follow a 2 part instruction. To understand a why question. To listen and respond in a large group. To begin to join in with repeated refrains. To be able to sing a range of songs. To know many rhymes.  Speaking

	Speaking	To name objects in their play.	To talk in longer sentences -6 words.
	To greet an adult.	To learn new vocabulary.	To talk in joined up sentences.
	To acknowledge an adult when they are being	To communicate using irregular tenses and plurals.	To start a conversation with both an adult and friend.
	spoken to.	To tell a simple story.	To name and describe objects in their play.
	To make a gesture in response to a question	To use some story language – Once upon a time.	To learn and use new vocabulary.
	asked.		To be able to express their point of view.
	To respond to an adult when spoken to or asked a		To engage in conversations about stories heard.
	question using simple sentences.		To communicate clearly using some future and past
	To acknowledge when a child is speaking to them.		tenses.
	To begin to name objects in their play.		To tell a longer/more detailed story.
	To learn new vocabulary.		To engage with others and share ideas during play.
	To talk to others in small groups with support.		
	To talk about a picture in a book.		
Physical	Gross Motor Skills	Gross Motor Skills	Gross Motor Skills
Development	To pedal a trike.	To begin to copy a sequence of movements.	To move in different ways – slither, roll, hopping,
Development	To push themselves along on a scooter.	To begin to respond and move to music.	skipping, jumping.
	To show an awareness of their surroundings	To roll a ball to one another.	To balance using small apparatus.
	when moving.	To throw a ball to an adult.	To push themselves along using a balance bike.
	To avoid an obstacle.	To begin to throw and catch a ball with a partner.	To copy a sequence of movements.
	To move in different ways walking, crawling and	To develop large movements using ribbon sticks and	To begin to work as a team in sports and building
	running.	hoops.	activities.
	To bend down and squat.	To climb, jump and land safely.	To transport large equipment when constructing.
	To balance on one leg.	To use gardening equipment safely – rakes and yard	To be able to put on my coat and fasten it up.
	To pull themselves onto equipment.	brushes.	To put on dressing up clothes.
	To jump off a bench.	To paint with large paintbrushes.	
	To catch a large ball form an adult.	To push a wheelbarrow.	Fine Motor Skills
	To develop large movements with their arms –	To be able to put my own coat on independently.	To use a tripod grip when using mark making tools.
	circles, crossing the midline, side to side, zigzag	To put on a sleeved apron.	To use a dominant hand.
	and extend their full arm.		To write letters from their name.
	To put my coat on with support.	Fine Motor Skills	To use large tweezers to transfer small equipment.
	To put on a tabard.	To hold a plastic knife and apply pressure to make a cut.	To use a hammer to tap a smaller object.
		To spread ingredients using a knife.	To use tongs.
	Fine Motor Skills	To begin to use a tripod grip when using mark making	To place small pegs in a small pegboard.
	To begin to use a palm grip when using mark	tools.	To begin to use funnels when pouring.
	making tools.	To write some letter shapes from their name.	To use a knife to cut playdough.
	To use snippers to make snips in paper.	To pour water using watering cans.	To thread cereal horizontally and vertically.
	To use large tweezers to transfer large	To use tablespoons to transfer materials.	
	equipment.	To use large pipettes to transfer water.	
	To use a hammer to tap a large object.	To begin use to a water spray.	
	To use big scoops in sand and water.	To apply pressure using a pincher grip.	
	To use big spoon and ladles to transfer water.	To begin to roll playdough into balls.	
	To use sticks, fingers and large paint brushes to	To thread large pasta.	
	make marks in different materials.	To thread beads vertically.	

	To begin to hold and make snips with scissors. To squeeze and squash playdough to change its shape. To begin to roll playdough into sausage shapes. To thread large beads. To place large pegs in a large pegboard.		
Literacy	Reading To recognise that print has meaning.	Word Reading To recognise their name.	Word Reading To begin to orally blend words.
	To point to the print in a book.	To begin to recognise familiar labels within the	To understand words that are 'sound talked'.
	To begin to recognise their name.	environment.	To recognise words with the same initial sound.
	To turn the pages of a book and talk about the	To know that letters are used to make up words.	To begin to segment words.
	pictures.	To name the front cover and back cover of a book.	To understand that we read English text from left to
	To point to and talk about the front cover of a	To locate and point to the title of a book.	right and from top to bottom.
	book.	To turn the pages in sequence when telling a simple story.	To count and clap out syllables in words.
	To identify and tune into environmental sounds.	To use the voice to make sounds.	To continue a rhyming string.
	To name sounds heard inside and outside the	To begin to identify rhyming words.	
	classroom.	To copy and clap out syllables in a word.	Writing
	Listen to and identify instrumental sounds.	To hear the initial sound of a word.	To write some of their name.
	Remember and repeat rhythms.	To begin to recognise words with the same initial sound.	To write their name.
			To write some letters accurately.
	Writing	Writing	To begin to use their letter knowledge in their writing.
	To be able to mark make and identify their marks.	To begin to attempt to write familiar letters.	
	To begin to represent their name.	To ascribe meaning to their marks.	
		To talk about their marks confidently.	
Mathematics	Number	Number	Number
	To count and recite numbers in order.	To count and recite numbers in order to 5.	To count and recite numbers in order beyond 5.
	To join in with number rhymes.	To join in with number rhymes to 5.	To join in with number rhymes to 10.
	To count to 3.	To count to 5.	To count objects to 5 showing one to one
	To understand the concept of more – can you get	To understand the concept of less – can you make it less?	correspondence.
	more?	To begin to subitise 3.	To show me 1/2/3/4/5 fingers.
	To subitise 1 and 2. To show me 1/2 fingers.	To show me 1/2/3 fingers.  To notice numerals in the environment.	To compare amounts and use the language more than and fewer than.
	To use a 1/2 frame.	To use a 3 frame.	To understand 1 more and get 1 more.
	To use a 1/2 frame.	To use a straine.	To subitise 3.
	Shape, Space and Measure	Shape, Space and Measure	To recognise some numerals in the environment.
	To match an object.	To match an object (shape).	To match a numeral to the correct amount to 5.
	To match an object (colour).	To find and notice triangles.	To make marks to represent numerals.
	To match an object (size).	To use the positional language behind and next to.	To solve a problem using numbers to 5 (have the 3 pigs
	To use the positional language under, on top, in.	To sequence events – now, next and then.	got enough chairs?)
	To understand the concept of heavy when looking	To begin to join in with music patterns.	To use a 5 frame.
	at weight.	To understand the concept of tall when looking at height.	To know that the last number reached when counting
		To extend a two part repeating pattern.	tells you the number of objects in total.

	To understand the concept of more and size when looking at capacity.  To begin to sequence events – now and next.  To understand the concept of long when looking at length.  To begin to notice patterns around them.  To begin to copy a repeating pattern.  To find and notice circles.		Shape, Space and Measure To use the positional language in between. To begin to talk about 3D shapes when building. To select the appropriate 3D shapes for their model. To talk about 2D shapes in pictures and models. To begin to talk about a simple route. To create a two part repeating pattern. To notice and correct a mistake in a repeating pattern. To sequence events using first, then
Understanding The World  (Including, Science, History, Geography, & RE Links)	Past and Present To recognise and talk about themselves. To begin to make sense of their own life-story using photographs.  People, Culture and Communities To talk about their family – who lives with them. To enjoy looking at photographs of themselves and other familiar people. To notice differences between people within their family. To show an interest in stories about people – Captain Tom. To talk about the festivals that they celebrate – Halloween, Bonfire Night and Christmas.  The Natural World To begin to name animals within stories. To explore how torches work. To talk about Autumnal objects and the changing seasons. To explore pumpkins and talk about what they see. To name some of the objects seen in Autumn. To begin to recognise and talk about some features of Winter.	Past and Present To talk about how they have changed from being a baby. To talk about their life cycle.  People, Culture and Communities To begin to realise that animals live in different parts of the world. To learn that people around us have different jobs. To learn about the different people in school who help us. To talk about Mother's Day. To talk about Easter.  The Natural World To name animals within the stories and talk about them. To explore and talk about the different forces that they can feel. To name different habitats — cave, pond, river. To name the animals that they would find in a pond. To talk about the life cycle of a duck. To name a baby duck. To plant beans and watch them grow. To begin to talk about the changes in growth. To begin to discuss the parts of the plant. To begin to recognise and talk about some features of Spring. To use and explore a light box and see how it works. To explore ice and talk about what they see. To explore water beads and talk about what they see.	Past and Present To talk about the houses in our street – old and new.  People, Culture and Communities To talk about the features of their home. To talk about different types of homes. To look at homes around the world. To show an interest in stories about people –David Attenborough.  The Natural World To learn about different animals and their homes. To explore different smells and talk about them. To feel and explore different textures. To feel and explore different materials. To sort and name materials. To explore how magnets work. To explore bath bombs in water and talk about what they see.
Technology	To switch on a torch. To press parts of a book at make a noise. To operate toys by pulling levers. To press the button on the iPad to take a picture.	To operate a two-button remote controlled car by pushing buttons.  To select a colour on the remote control for the light box.	To operate a wind up toy. To follow a simple game on the iPad. To select a game from the home screen on the iPad.

	To operate pull back toys.	To explore low technology devices – water wheels,	To select different settings on the remote control for
		jumping frog and squeezy toys.	the light box.
		To begin to learn about different technologies found in the	
		home.	
		To learn about the different technologies found in school.	
Expressive Arts	Creating with Materials	Creating with Materials	Creating with Materials
Links	To explore with paint and make marks.	To begin to paint a picture with some features and shape.	To paint a picture with increasing detail.
LITIKS	To make marks with pens, chalk, pencils and	To begin to draw a picture with some features and shape.	To draw a picture with increasing detail.
(Including Art, DT,	crayons.	To experiment with chalk to draw a picture.	To show a range of emotions within their drawings and
Music, Drama	To make marks in different textures.	To explore combining two colours and talk about what	paintings.
•	To form enclosures.	they see.	To draw with increasing complexity and detail.
Links)	To explore and arrange different materials and	To begin to attach 2D and 3D materials together and talk	To create closed shapes with continuous lines.
	talk about what they have made.	about them.	To combine two colours and name what they have
	To paint shapes to represent a picture.	To join paper/card together using glue.	made.
	To draw shapes to represent a picture.	To attach different construction kits to make different	To freely explore different materials and textures
	To explore and name the colours that they use.	shapes and structures that they can talk about.	thinking about how they may use them.
	To flick paint to create their own Jackson Pollack.	To make enclosures when the using the various	To make simple models and talk about them using a
	To begin to make 3D stickmen in the playdough.	construction kits.	range of equipment.
	To stack blocks to create simple models and		To experiment join materials using masking tape.
	structures.	Being Imaginative and Expressive	To make imaginative and complex buildings and
	To explore 2D and 3D structures.	To begin to take on a role in pretend play.	models with the construction kits that they can talk
	To link track together to create an enclosure in	To begin to develop a simple story using the equipment	about.
	the small world.	within the small world.	
	the small world.	To begin to use familiar story characters to react part of	Being Imaginative and Expressive
	Being Imaginative and Expressive	the story.	To take on a role in pretend play using some social
	To engage in familiar pretend play.	To make rhythmical and repetitive sounds.	phrases and objects to represent their play.
	To recreate familiar play using small world and	To enjoy taking part in action songs.	To begin to develop a more complex story using the
	construction materials.	To move, sing and listen whilst playing instruments.	equipment within the small world.
	To respond emotionally and physically to music.	To listen with increased attention to sounds.	To begin to use familiar story characters to react a
	To move and dance to music.	To partake in songs and rhymes.	story.
		To explore different sound makers and match the sounds.	To sing an entire song.
	To explore their voice.	To explore different sound makers and materi the sounds.	To 'pitch match'.
	To enjoy songs and rhymes.		To sing a melodic shape of a familiar song.
	To begin to explore different sound makers. To		To play a range of instruments with increasing control,
	create sound effects and movements, e.g., the		expressing their ideas and feelings/emotions.
	sound of a car.		To create their own song based on a familiar song.
	To use words to identify and name sounds.		To use words to describe sounds and music.
			To use words to describe sounds and music.